10.9.2015

EXERCISE

What make is it?

How much does it weigh?

What is it made of?

What is this button for?

How big is the screen?

How much is the battery life

What sort of bread do you have?

What flavour ice-cream would you like?

In which direction we go when we see traffic light?

What brand is your camera?

What type of food do you like?

Whose top is this?

How much do you need to get to the airport from you home?

How far is your house from a beach?

How often do you go to the cinema?

Who wants coffee?

What size of shoes do you buy?

1. They live near the beach
	1. Where do they live?
2. It takes ten minutes to drive to the supermarket
	1. How long does it take to drive to the supermarket?
3. How often do you go swimming?
4. How much the shoes cost?
5. Where has tod been?
6. Why is she happy?
7. What kind of person is Alan?
8. When did they move?
9. Mark is decorating the living room?
10. Who made this case?
11. Whose dress was ruined at the party?
12. What has Stacy bought?
13. What was blown of by the storm?
14. Who did you run in to the other day?
15. Who left this bag here?
	1. Do you know who left this bag here?
16. Who is that woman?
	1. We need to find out who that woman is?
17. What time does the next train leave?
	1. Can you tell me what time does the next train leave?

Fresh Fruit

Latest fashion

Clear Sky

Fast food

Crowded restaurant

Casual clothes

Close friend

Hanfsome man

Straight hair

Cosy room

If you want to go shopping there are number of things you have to consider. If you would like to find a exchange you should make sure to go to a window shopping. The only problem

BESEDE

Trinket – nakit

Origin – izvor

Commonalities – skupne značilnosti

Havoc – opustošenje

Uncommon – nenavadno

Dept – dolgovi

Inpairments - ??

She has written five books this year.

5. Fro actions that have just been completed

* I Have just recieve a Letter.

Time markers:

* Since
* For
* Just
* Already
* Yet
* This morning
* Lately
* Receantly
* So far
* Ever
* Never

Presemt Perfevt Continoes

(Have/Has + Been + Verb-ing)

1. Positive statements

* I Have been sitting for the ride

2. Negative statements

* I have not / I haven’t working all night

3. Questions

* Have you been working late?
* Has it been raining?

4. Negative Questions

* Haven’t you been studying
* Hasn’t she been studying

5. Short Answers

* Yes I have
* No I haven’t

THE USE

1. For activities that started in the past and they are still going on.
2. To refer to activities in the past that have visible results in the present.
3. I have eaten four sandwiches today.
4. Charles has always been fan of the Rolling Stones.
5. They have left already.
6. Have you already visited Peru?
7. We haven’t done the shopping yet.
8. I just finished my homework.
9. She has never ridden a horse.
10. Have you tidied your room yet?
11. We have had this car for years.
12. I haven’t seen Tim since Monday.
13. How long have they lived in this town?
14. We have heard good news.
15. Aurora is not here at the moment. She has gone to the bank.
16. I have just been to the shops

KAJ PIŠEMO ZA TEST:

* Forming questions
* Adverbs
* Relative clauses
* Present tenses
* Passive
* Word formation
* Gap fill

The week we’re focusing on a profession that has received a lot of attention in the press recently: stockbroking. A stockbroker whose job is to buy and sell shares. To become qualified, you have to take exams which are different in each country. Stockbrokers work in an environment where there is much pressure, so they must be the kind of people whose can cope with high stress levels

Brian Holder whose lives in New York city, started out as one of a group of interns in a small company some of whom quit because of the long hours. Brian stayed: “I like a job which challenges me” he says. “2005 was the year (when/that) I started working on the market

1. That’s the woman. Her son runs the largest supermarket chain.
* That’s the woman whose sun runs the largest supermarket chain.
1. My cousin whose name is Cencelia works with your brother.
2. The office where I work is opposite the sports stadium.
3. The compute
4. r that/which I was working on crashed.
5. Can you tell me the reason why you always miss the deadline.

CLOTHES

Compit – Competition

To open – opening

To globalize – globalizing

Deliver – delivery

Travel – Travellers

Daily – dnevno

Known – Knowledge – znanje

Sales – prodaja

Dramatic

Purely

Employees – delavec

Specialist – specjalist

Emphasis

Choice

Lossless – izgubiti

Other – another

Heavy – heavily

Long – length

Colonial – konolijalen

Defence – defence

Marry – marriage

Fit – fitness

Signify – signature

South – southern

Great – greatness

Solve – solution

Appeal – appealing

Culture – Cultural

Locate – location

Shop – shoppers

* + 1. pišemo angleščino

V testu bo besedotvorje, letošnje besedišče: houses, family, clothes, shops

* Invent – Invention
* Technology – technological
* Possible – Possibility
* Far – Further
* Forget – forgotten
* Ridicule – Ridiculous
* Assist – assistance
* Move – moving
* Drive – driven
* Product – production
* Friend – friendly
* Reduce – reduction
* Renew – renewable
* Smooth – smoothness
* Aware – awareness
* Consume – consumption
* Ski – skiing
* Completive – competitive
* Risk – risky
* Automatic – automatically
* Drama – dramatic
* Colliding – collodion
* Scene – scenery
* Excite – excitement
* Broke – broken
* Heavy – Heavily
* Adding – addition
* Manage – management
* Revise – revisions
* Appear – appearance
* Enable – enabled

NALOGA:

1. Remember
2. Trying to climb
3. Impossible
4. Want to say
5. Warn you
6. Would like
7. Need to worry
8. Planning to do
9. Don’t mind
10. Make them feel
11. Hooped to speak
12. Forgot to bring
13. Told us to throw
14. Stopped
15. Enyoing watching
16. Lucky to scape
17. Let you know
18. Kate didn’t remember anyone taking the photos.
19. She wanted to climb to the top bunk bed.
20. She forgot to mention the hospital.
21. His Australian friends want to go to London.
22. He thinks his mum will make them feel at home.
23. William didn’t manage to catch piranha fish.
24. They stopped to camp on the new river bank.
25. Sally loved having an en-suite bathroom.
26. She is looking forward staying two more days.
27. We encouraged her succeed in becoming a top player.
28. I bagged her not accusing me of ruining her hairstyle by trying to kiss her.
29. She promised not object to his smoking.
30. They continued eating after the interruption.
31. You’d better starting digging the garden.
32. I can’t make a desission

Examination/checkup – pregled

GP (General Partition) – splošni zdravnik

Plaster/Cast – Gips

If stavki

Vedno je v nasprotju dejstvi nekaj kar ni uresničljivpžo

* If + past simple, … would + infinitive

IF I HAVE A LOT OF MONEY I COULD BUY AN ISLAND

We use were also for 1st and 3rd person singular

ČE BI MORALA IZBIRATI MED RDEČIM IN MODRIM BI IZBRALA MODREGA – IF I HAVE TO CHOOSE BETWEEN RED AND BLUE I WOULD CHOOSE BLUE

3 Tip pogojnika:

If it hadn’t been rainig so hard the whole day yesterday

Have + tretja oblika glagola

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1. A. I wish Paul would tell me what is wrong with him.
B. Yes, He seems very upset, doesn’t he?
2. A. I wish I wouldn’t shout at the children like that.
B. Why? They were being very naughty.
3. A. I wish you would tidy your room more often.
B. Sorry, I’ll try to.
4. A. I wish I had practise harder before the concert.
B. I thought you performed very well.
5. A. If only Stuart would called me.
B. Don’t worry. I’m sure he’ll phone soon.
6. I don’t know many people, but I wish I did.
7. He can’t drive but he wishes he could.
8. We didn’t move house but we wish we did.
9. I’m not very wealthy, but I wish I would be.
10. She probably won’t help me, but I wish she would.
11. He hasn’t got any pets but he wishes he had.
12. They don’t go out very often, but they wish they did.
13. He won’t listen to my advice, but I wish he would.

REPORT

Face recognition technology is widely used today by FBI, Casinos and other government officials to find criminals. It’s also used on Facebook and Google where their algorithms suggest face names. FBI is using face recognition a long time to identify suspects. Face recognition is also used in clubs and bars to identify if the person is male or female or black or white and a proximally how old is she/he.

COMPUTER

Pros:

* You can used it to enhance your daily life
* It will always obey you
* You can program it however you like it
* You can flash your other computer (phone) with it
* You can 3D Print some food and stuff with it
* You bake beacon on it
* You can write and print books using it
* You can create your own pirate radio station
* You can create your own Base Station
* You can create and host your webpage on it
* You can play games with it
* You can have imaginary friends on it
* You can communicate with your friends using it
* You can watch porn for free.
* It can be your personal assistant
* It can do things you don’t want to do.
* It won’t yet attack you
* It will never die and you can always repair it
* You can spy on people with the help of it
* You can easily eliminate people using its help.
* You can say anything to it and it won’t be upset
* You can watch movies on it for free.
* You can save your digital life on it.
* You can mine bitcoins on it and make money.
* You can find home if you get lost using it.

Cons:

* Incase of a person fault computer can crash you can lost all your work